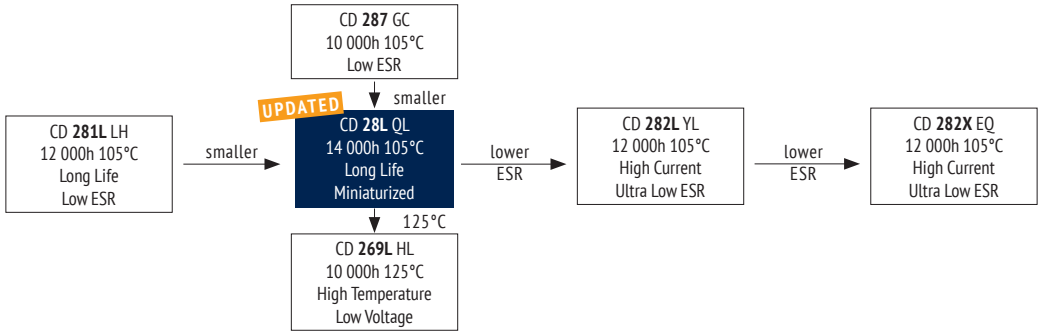
ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS · RADIAL TYPE

CD **28L** QL SERIES

4 000 - 14 000h at 105°C

- Miniaturized
- Low Impedance, High Current
- Switching Power Supply
- Standard 85°C



ITEM	CHARACTERISTICS
Operating Temperature Range (°C)	-55 ~ +105
Voltage Range (V)	6,3 ~ 63
Capacitance Range (µF)	12 ~ 18 000
Capacitance Tolerance (20°C, 120Hz)	± 20%
Leakage Current (µA)	After 2 minutes at 20°C application of rated voltage, leakage current is not more than specified in table.

The usage at lower temperatures than indicated may be possible. Please contact the Jianghai Europe sales office for approval.

Stability at Low Temperature (Impedance Ratio at 120Hz)	Rated Voltage (V)	6,3 ~ 63
	$Z_{-55°C} / Z_{+20°C}$	3

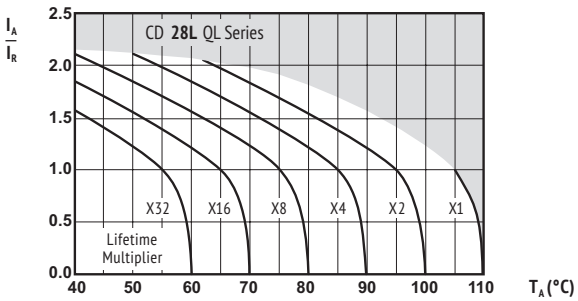
ITEM	USEFUL LIFE		LOAD LIFE	ENDURANCE TEST	SHELF LIFE	
Lifetime	Ø ⩽ 6,3 : 4 000h Ø 8 : 6 000h Ø 10 : 10 000h Ø 12,5 : 12 000h Ø ⩾ 16 : 14 000h	Ø ⩾ 8 : > 250 000h	Ø ⩽ 6,3 : 2 000h Ø 8 : 3 000h Ø 10 : 5 000h Ø 12,5 : 7 000h Ø ⩾ 16 : 8 000h	Ø ⩽ 6,3 : 3 000h Ø 8 : 5 000h Ø 10 : 7 000h Ø 12,5 : 9 000h Ø ⩾ 16 : 10 000h	1 000h	
Leakage Current	Not more than specified value		Not more than specified value	Not more than specified value	Not more than specified value	
Capacitance Change	Within ± 30% of initial value		Within ± 20% of initial value	Within ± 20% of initial value	Within ± 20% of initial value	
Dissipation Factor	Not more than 300% of specified value		Not more than 200% of specified value	Not more than 200% of specified value	Not more than 200% of specified value	
Condition: Applied Voltage Applied Current Applied Temperature	U_R I_R 105°C	U_R 1,4 x I_R 40°C	U_R I_R 105°C	U_R I_R = 0 105°C IEC 60384	U_R = 0 I_R = 0 105°C	After test: U_R to be applied for 30 min > 24h before measurement

MULTIPLIER FOR RIPPLE CURRENT (FREQUENCY COEFFICIENT)

Capacitance (µF) \ Frequency	120Hz	1kHz	10kHz	100kHz
12 ~ 180	0,40	0,75	0,90	1,00
220 ~ 560	0,50	0,83	0,93	1,00
680 ~ 1 800	0,60	0,86	0,95	1,00
2 200 ~ 3 900	0,75	0,90	0,97	1,00
4 700 ~ 18 000	0,85	0,95	0,98	1,00

Multipliers for typical operating conditions.

MULTIPLIER FOR LIFETIME (LIFETIME DIAGRAM)



I_A = actual ripple current at 100kHz,
I_R = rated ripple current at 100kHz, 105°C
Multiplier of Useful Life as a function of ambient temperature & ripple current load

ENVIRONMENTAL

The products are RoHS, WEEE and REACh compliant. The detailed version please see seperate "Environmental Certificates" document or www.jianghai-europe.com

SAFETY FACTOR

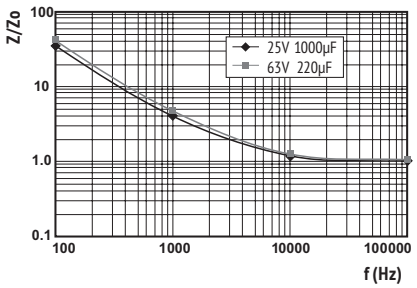
This diagram includes a safety margin. In many cases the allowed current capability/lifetime may be increased. For details and approvals please contact the Jianghai Europe sales office.

U_{RDC} (Surge Voltage) Code (V)	C_R Rated Capacitance (µF)	ESR_{max} Equivalent Series Resistance 20°C 120Hz (Ω)	Z_{max} Max Impedance 20°C 100kHz (Ω)	Z_{max} Max Impedance -10°C 100kHz (Ω)	tanδ Dissipation Factor 20°C 120Hz	I_{leak} Leakage Current (µA)	I_{RAC} Rated Ripple Current 105°C 100kHz (mArms)	Size øD x L (mm)	ORDER CODE ◊◊ = pin style & length ΔΔ = pitch code Details: Page 7
6,3 (7,2) 0J	150	1,95	0,500	1,00	0,22	10	175	5 x 11,5	ECR0JQL151M◊◊ΔΔ0511
	330	0,885	0,250	0,500	0,22	21	290	6,3 x 11,5	ECR0JQL331M◊◊ΔΔ0611
	470	0,621	0,180	0,360	0,22	30	400	6,3 x 15	ECR0JQL471M◊◊ΔΔ0615
	680	0,430	0,120	0,240	0,22	43	555	8 x 11,5	ECR0JQL681M◊◊ΔΔ0811
	820	0,356	0,090	0,180	0,22	52	760	10 x 12,5	ECR0JQL821M◊◊ΔΔ1012
	1 000	0,292	0,090	0,180	0,22	63	730	8 x 16	ECR0JQL102M◊◊ΔΔ0816
	1 200	0,244	0,080	0,160	0,22	76	810	8 x 20	ECR0JQL122M◊◊ΔΔ0820
		0,244	0,068	0,136	0,22	76	1050	10 x 16	ECR0JQL122M◊◊ΔΔ1016
	1 500	0,195	0,052	0,104	0,22	95	1220	10 x 20	ECR0JQL152M◊◊ΔΔ1020
	2 200	0,145	0,045	0,090	0,24	139	1440	10 x 25	ECR0JQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1025
	2 700	0,118	0,037	0,074	0,24	171	1690	10 x 30	ECR0JQL272M◊◊ΔΔ1030
	3 300	0,105	0,038	0,076	0,26	208	1660	12,5 x 20	ECR0JQL332M◊◊ΔΔ1220
	3 900	0,089	0,030	0,060	0,26	246	1950	12,5 x 25	ECR0JQL392M◊◊ΔΔ1225
	4 700	0,080	0,025	0,050	0,28	297	2310	12,5 x 30	ECR0JQL472M◊◊ΔΔ1230
	5 600	0,072	0,022	0,044	0,30	353	2510	12,5 x 35	ECR0JQL562M◊◊ΔΔ1235
		0,072	0,029	0,058	0,30	353	2210	16 x 20	ECR0JQL562M◊◊ΔΔ1620
	6 800	0,063	0,017	0,034	0,32	429	2870	12,5 x 40	ECR0JQL682M◊◊ΔΔ1240
		0,063	0,022	0,044	0,32	429	2560	16 x 25	ECR0JQL682M◊◊ΔΔ1625
		0,063	0,028	0,056	0,32	429	2490	18 x 20	ECR0JQL682M◊◊ΔΔ1820
	8 200	0,059	0,019	0,038	0,36	517	3010	16 x 31,5	ECR0JQL822M◊◊ΔΔ1631
	10 000	0,054	0,017	0,034	0,40	630	3150	16 x 35,5	ECR0JQL103M◊◊ΔΔ1635
		0,054	0,020	0,040	0,40	630	2740	18 x 25	ECR0JQL103M◊◊ΔΔ1825
	12 000	0,049	0,015	0,030	0,44	756	3710	16 x 40	ECR0JQL123M◊◊ΔΔ1640
		0,049	0,018	0,036	0,44	756	3330	18 x 31,5	ECR0JQL123M◊◊ΔΔ1831
	15 000	0,045	0,016	0,032	0,50	945	3680	18 x 35,5	ECR0JQL153M◊◊ΔΔ1835
	18 000	0,042	0,015	0,030	0,56	1134	3800	18 x 40	ECR0JQL183M◊◊ΔΔ1840
10 (13) 1A	100	2,53	0,500	1,00	0,19	10	175	5 x 11,5	ECR1AQL101M◊◊ΔΔ0511
	220	1,15	0,250	0,500	0,19	22	290	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1AQL221M◊◊ΔΔ0611
	330	0,764	0,180	0,360	0,19	33	400	6,3 x 15	ECR1AQL331M◊◊ΔΔ0615
	470	0,537	0,120	0,240	0,19	47	555	8 x 11,5	ECR1AQL471M◊◊ΔΔ0811
	680	0,371	0,090	0,180	0,19	68	730	8 x 16	ECR1AQL681M◊◊ΔΔ0816
		0,371	0,090	0,180	0,19	68	760	10 x 12,5	ECR1AQL681M◊◊ΔΔ1012
	1 000	0,252	0,080	0,160	0,19	100	810	8 x 20	ECR1AQL102M◊◊ΔΔ0820
		0,252	0,068	0,136	0,19	100	1050	10 x 16	ECR1AQL102M◊◊ΔΔ1016
	1 200	0,210	0,052	0,104	0,19	120	1220	10 x 20	ECR1AQL122M◊◊ΔΔ1020
	1 500	0,168	0,045	0,090	0,19	150	1440	10 x 25	ECR1AQL152M◊◊ΔΔ1025
	1 800	0,140	0,037	0,074	0,19	180	1690	10 x 30	ECR1AQL182M◊◊ΔΔ1030
	2 200	0,127	0,038	0,076	0,21	220	1660	12,5 x 20	ECR1AQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1220
	3 300	0,093	0,030	0,060	0,23	330	1950	12,5 x 25	ECR1AQL332M◊◊ΔΔ1225
	3 900	0,079	0,025	0,050	0,23	390	2310	12,5 x 30	ECR1AQL392M◊◊ΔΔ1230
		0,079	0,029	0,058	0,23	390	2210	16 x 20	ECR1AQL392M◊◊ΔΔ1620
	4 700	0,071	0,022	0,044	0,25	470	2510	12,5 x 35	ECR1AQL472M◊◊ΔΔ1235
	5 600	0,064	0,017	0,034	0,27	560	2870	12,5 x 40	ECR1AQL562M◊◊ΔΔ1240
		0,064	0,022	0,044	0,27	560	2560	16 x 25	ECR1AQL562M◊◊ΔΔ1625
		0,064	0,028	0,056	0,27	560	2490	18 x 20	ECR1AQL562M◊◊ΔΔ1820
	6 800	0,057	0,019	0,038	0,29	680	3010	16 x 31,5	ECR1AQL682M◊◊ΔΔ1631
		0,057	0,020	0,040	0,29	680	2740	18 x 25	ECR1AQL682M◊◊ΔΔ1825
	8 200	0,054	0,017	0,034	0,33	820	3150	16 x 35,5	ECR1AQL822M◊◊ΔΔ1635
		0,054	0,018	0,036	0,33	820	3330	18 x 31,5	ECR1AQL822M◊◊ΔΔ1831
	10 000	0,050	0,015	0,030	0,37	1000	3710	16 x 40	ECR1AQL103M◊◊ΔΔ1640
		0,050	0,016	0,032	0,37	1000	3680	18 x 35,5	ECR1AQL103M◊◊ΔΔ1835
	12 000	0,046	0,015	0,030	0,41	1200	3800	18 x 40	ECR1AQL123M◊◊ΔΔ1840
16 (20) 1C	47	4,52	0,500	1,00	0,16	8	175	5 x 11,5	ECR1CQL470M◊◊ΔΔ0511
	100	2,13	0,250	0,500	0,16	16	290	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1CQL101M◊◊ΔΔ0611
	220	0,965	0,180	0,360	0,16	36	400	6,3 x 15	ECR1CQL221M◊◊ΔΔ0615
	330	0,644	0,120	0,240	0,16	53	555	8 x 11,5	ECR1CQL331M◊◊ΔΔ0811
	470	0,452	0,090	0,180	0,16	76	730	8 x 16	ECR1CQL471M◊◊ΔΔ0816
		0,452	0,090	0,180	0,16	76	760	10 x 12,5	ECR1CQL471M◊◊ΔΔ1012
	560	0,379	0,080	0,160	0,16	90	810	8 x 20	ECR1CQL561M◊◊ΔΔ0820
	680	0,313	0,068	0,136	0,16	109	1050	10 x 16	ECR1CQL681M◊◊ΔΔ1016
	1 000	0,213	0,052	0,104	0,16	160	1220	10 x 20	ECR1CQL102M◊◊ΔΔ1020
	1 200	0,177	0,045	0,090	0,16	192	1440	10 x 25	ECR1CQL122M◊◊ΔΔ1025
	1 500	0,142	0,037	0,074	0,16	240	1690	10 x 30	ECR1CQL152M◊◊ΔΔ1030
		0,142	0,038	0,076	0,16	240	1660	12,5 x 20	ECR1CQL152M◊◊ΔΔ1220

U_{RDC} (Surge Voltage) Code (V)	C_R Rated Capacitance (µF)	ESR_{max} Equivalent Series Resistance 20°C 120Hz (Ω)	Z_{max} Max Impedance 20°C 100kHz (Ω)	Z_{max} Max Impedance -10°C 100kHz (Ω)	tanδ Dissipation Factor 20°C 120Hz	I_{leak} Leakage Current (µA)	I_{RAC} Rated Ripple Current 105°C 100kHz (mArms)	Size øD x L (mm)	ORDER CODE ◊◊ = pin style & length ΔΔ = pitch code Details: Page 7
16 (20) 1C	2 200	0,109	0,030	0,060	0,18	352	1950	12,5 x 25	ECR1CQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1225
	2 700	0,089	0,025	0,050	0,18	432	2310	12,5 x 30	ECR1CQL272M◊◊ΔΔ1230
		0,089	0,029	0,058	0,18	432	2210	16 x 20	ECR1CQL272M◊◊ΔΔ1620
	3 300	0,081	0,022	0,044	0,20	528	2510	12,5 x 35	ECR1CQL332M◊◊ΔΔ1235
	3 900	0,069	0,017	0,034	0,20	624	2870	12,5 x 40	ECR1CQL392M◊◊ΔΔ1240
		0,069	0,022	0,044	0,20	624	2560	16 x 25	ECR1CQL392M◊◊ΔΔ1625
		0,069	0,028	0,056	0,20	624	2490	18 x 20	ECR1CQL392M◊◊ΔΔ1820
	4 700	0,063	0,019	0,038	0,22	752	3010	16 x 31,5	ECR1CQL472M◊◊ΔΔ1631
		0,063	0,020	0,040	0,22	752	2740	18 x 25	ECR1CQL472M◊◊ΔΔ1825
	5 600	0,057	0,017	0,034	0,24	896	3150	16 x 35,5	ECR1CQL562M◊◊ΔΔ1635
		0,057	0,018	0,036	0,24	896	3330	18 x 31,5	ECR1CQL562M◊◊ΔΔ1831
	6 800	0,051	0,015	0,030	0,26	1088	3710	16 x 40	ECR1CQL682M◊◊ΔΔ1640
	8 200	0,049	0,016	0,032	0,30	1312	3680	18 x 35,5	ECR1CQL822M◊◊ΔΔ1835
	10 000	0,046	0,015	0,030	0,34	1600	3800	18 x 40	ECR1CQL103M◊◊ΔΔ1840
25 (32) 1E	47	3,96	0,500	1,00	0,14	12	175	5 x 11,5	ECR1EQL470M◊◊ΔΔ0511
	100	1,86	0,250	0,500	0,14	25	290	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1EQL101M◊◊ΔΔ0611
	150	1,24	0,180	0,360	0,14	38	400	6,3 x 15	ECR1EQL151M◊◊ΔΔ0615
	220	0,845	0,120	0,240	0,14	55	555	8 x 11,5	ECR1EQL221M◊◊ΔΔ0811
	330	0,563	0,090	0,180	0,14	83	730	8 x 16	ECR1EQL331M◊◊ΔΔ0816
		0,563	0,090	0,180	0,14	83	760	10 x 12,5	ECR1EQL331M◊◊ΔΔ1012
	390	0,477	0,080	0,160	0,14	98	810	8 x 20	ECR1EQL391M◊◊ΔΔ0820
	470	0,396	0,068	0,136	0,14	118	1050	10 x 16	ECR1EQL471M◊◊ΔΔ1016
	680	0,274	0,052	0,104	0,14	170	1220	10 x 20	ECR1EQL681M◊◊ΔΔ1020
	820	0,227	0,045	0,090	0,14	205	1440	10 x 25	ECR1EQL821M◊◊ΔΔ1025
	1 000	0,186	0,037	0,074	0,14	250	1690	10 x 30	ECR1EQL102M◊◊ΔΔ1030
		0,186	0,038	0,076	0,14	250	1660	12,5 x 20	ECR1EQL102M◊◊ΔΔ1220
	1 500	0,124	0,030	0,060	0,14	375	1950	12,5 x 25	ECR1EQL152M◊◊ΔΔ1225
	1 800	0,104	0,025	0,050	0,14	450	2310	12,5 x 30	ECR1EQL182M◊◊ΔΔ1230
		0,104	0,029	0,058	0,14	450	2210	16 x 20	ECR1EQL182M◊◊ΔΔ1620
	2 200	0,097	0,025	0,050	0,16	550	2310	12,5 x 30	ECR1EQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1230
		0,097	0,022	0,044	0,16	550	2510	12,5 x 35	ECR1EQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1235
		0,097	0,028	0,056	0,16	550	2490	18 x 20	ECR1EQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1820
	2 700	0,079	0,017	0,034	0,16	675	2870	12,5 x 40	ECR1EQL272M◊◊ΔΔ1240
		0,079	0,022	0,044	0,16	675	2560	16 x 25	ECR1EQL272M◊◊ΔΔ1625
	3 300	0,072	0,022	0,044	0,18	825	2560	16 x 25	ECR1EQL332M◊◊ΔΔ1625
		0,073	0,019	0,038	0,18	825	3010	16 x 31,5	ECR1EQL332M◊◊ΔΔ1631
		0,072	0,028	0,056	0,18	825	2490	18 x 20	ECR1EQL332M◊◊ΔΔ1820
		0,073	0,020	0,040	0,18	825	2740	18 x 25	ECR1EQL332M◊◊ΔΔ1825
	3 900	0,062	0,017	0,034	0,18	975	3150	16 x 35,5	ECR1EQL392M◊◊ΔΔ1635
		0,062	0,018	0,036	0,18	975	3330	18 x 31,5	ECR1EQL392M◊◊ΔΔ1831
	4 700	0,057	0,015	0,030	0,20	1175	3710	16 x 40	ECR1EQL472M◊◊ΔΔ1640
		0,057	0,016	0,032	0,20	1175	3680	18 x 35,5	ECR1EQL472M◊◊ΔΔ1835
	5 600	0,053	0,015	0,030	0,22	1400	3800	18 x 40	ECR1EQL562M◊◊ΔΔ1840
35 (44) 1V	33	4,83	0,500	1,00	0,12	12	175	5 x 11,5	ECR1VQL330M◊◊ΔΔ0511
	56	2,85	0,250	0,500	0,12	20	290	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1VQL560M◊◊ΔΔ0611
	100	1,60	0,180	0,360	0,12	35	400	6,3 x 15	ECR1VQL101M◊◊ΔΔ0615
	150	1,07	0,120	0,240	0,12	53	555	8 x 11,5	ECR1VQL151M◊◊ΔΔ0811
	220	0,724	0,090	0,180	0,12	77	730	8 x 16	ECR1VQL221M◊◊ΔΔ0816
		0,724	0,090	0,180	0,12	77	760	10 x 12,5	ECR1VQL221M◊◊ΔΔ1012
	270	0,590	0,080	0,160	0,12	95	810	8 x 20	ECR1VQL271M◊◊ΔΔ0820
	330	0,483	0,068	0,136	0,12	116	1050	10 x 16	ECR1VQL331M◊◊ΔΔ1016
	470	0,339	0,052	0,104	0,12	165	1220	10 x 20	ECR1VQL471M◊◊ΔΔ1020
	560	0,284	0,052	0,104	0,12	196	1220	10 x 20	ECR1VQL561M◊◊ΔΔ1020
		0,285	0,045	0,090	0,12	196	1440	10 x 25	ECR1VQL561M◊◊ΔΔ1025
	680	0,235	0,037	0,074	0,12	238	1690	10 x 30	ECR1VQL681M◊◊ΔΔ1030
		0,235	0,038	0,076	0,12	238	1660	12,5 x 20	ECR1VQL681M◊◊ΔΔ1220
	1 000	0,159	0,039	0,076	0,12	350	1660	12,5 x 20	ECR1VQL102M◊◊ΔΔ1220
		0,160	0,030	0,060	0,12	350	1950	12,5 x 25	ECR1VQL102M◊◊ΔΔ1225
	1 200	0,133	0,025	0,050	0,12	420	2310	12,5 x 30	ECR1VQL122M◊◊ΔΔ1230
		0,133	0,029	0,058	0,12	420	2210	16 x 20	ECR1VQL122M◊◊ΔΔ1620
	1 500	0,107	0,022	0,044	0,12	525	2510	12,5 x 35	ECR1VQL152M◊◊ΔΔ1235
	1 800	0,089	0,017	0,034	0,12	630	2870	12,5 x 40	ECR1VQL182M◊◊ΔΔ1240
		0,089	0,022	0,044	0,12	630	2560	16 x 25	ECR1VQL182M◊◊ΔΔ1625
		0,089	0,028	0,056	0,12	630	2490	18 x 20	ECR1VQL182M◊◊ΔΔ1820

U_{RDC} (Surge Voltage) Code (V)	C_R Rated Capacitance (µF)	ESR_{max} Equivalent Series Resistance 20°C 120Hz (Ω)	Z_{max} Max Impedance 20°C 100kHz (Ω)	Z_{max} Max Impedance -10°C 100kHz (Ω)	tanδ Dissipation Factor 20°C 120Hz	I_{leak} Leakage Current (µA)	I_{RAC} Rated Ripple Current 105°C 100kHz (mArms)	Size øD x L (mm)	ORDER CODE ◊◊ = pin style & length ΔΔ = pitch code Details: Page 7
35 (44) 1V	2 200	0,084	0,022	0,044	0,14	770	2560	16 x 25	ECR1VQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1625
		0,085	0,019	0,038	0,14	770	3010	16 x 31,5	ECR1VQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1631
		0,084	0,028	0,056	0,14	770	2490	18 x 20	ECR1VQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1820
		0,085	0,020	0,040	0,14	770	2740	18 x 25	ECR1VQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1825
	2 700	0,069	0,017	0,034	0,14	945	3150	16 x 35,5	ECR1VQL272M◊◊ΔΔ1635
		0,069	0,018	0,036	0,14	945	3330	18 x 31,5	ECR1VQL272M◊◊ΔΔ1831
	3 300	0,065	0,015	0,030	0,16	1155	3710	16 x 40	ECR1VQL332M◊◊ΔΔ1640
		0,065	0,016	0,032	0,16	1155	3680	18 x 35,5	ECR1VQL332M◊◊ΔΔ1835
	3 900	0,055	0,015	0,030	0,16	1365	3800	18 x 40	ECR1VQL392M◊◊ΔΔ1840
	4 700	0,051	0,015	0,015	0,18	1645	3800	18 x 40	ECR1VQL472M◊◊ΔΔ1840
50 (63) 1H	22	6,04	0,900	1,80	0,10	11	155	5 x 11,5	ECR1HQL220M◊◊ΔΔ0511
	47	2,83	0,450	0,900	0,10	24	260	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1HQL470M◊◊ΔΔ0611
	68	1,96	0,310	0,620	0,10	34	360	6,3 x 15	ECR1HQL680M◊◊ΔΔ0615
	100	1,33	0,220	0,440	0,10	50	485	8 x 11,5	ECR1HQL101M◊◊ΔΔ0811
	120	1,11	0,160	0,320	0,10	60	635	8 x 16	ECR1HQL121M◊◊ΔΔ0816
		1,11	0,160	0,320	0,10	60	620	10 x 12,5	ECR1HQL121M◊◊ΔΔ1012
	180	0,737	0,120	0,240	0,10	90	730	8 x 20	ECR1HQL181M◊◊ΔΔ0820
		0,737	0,130	0,260	0,10	90	850	10 x 16	ECR1HQL181M◊◊ΔΔ1016
	220	0,603	0,088	0,180	0,10	110	1050	10 x 20	ECR1HQL221M◊◊ΔΔ1020
	330	0,402	0,080	0,160	0,10	165	1250	10 x 25	ECR1HQL331M◊◊ΔΔ1025
	390	0,341	0,065	0,130	0,10	195	1500	10 x 30	ECR1HQL391M◊◊ΔΔ1030
		0,341	0,070	0,140	0,10	195	1480	12,5 x 20	ECR1HQL391M◊◊ΔΔ1220
	470	0,280	0,070	0,140	0,10	235	1480	12,5 x 20	ECR1HQL471◊◊ΔΔ1220
	560	0,237	0,054	0,108	0,10	280	1840	12,5 x 25	ECR1HQL561M◊◊ΔΔ1225
	680	0,196	0,044	0,088	0,10	340	2220	12,5 x 30	ECR1HQL681M◊◊ΔΔ1230
		0,196	0,048	0,096	0,10	340	1840	16 x 20	ECR1HQL681M◊◊ΔΔ1620
	820	0,162	0,033	0,066	0,10	410	2290	12,5 x 35	ECR1HQL821M◊◊ΔΔ1235
		0,162	0,042	0,084	0,10	410	1980	18 x 20	ECR1HQL821M◊◊ΔΔ1820
	1 000	0,133	0,029	0,058	0,10	500	2500	12,5 x 40	ECR1HQL102M◊◊ΔΔ1240
		0,133	0,034	0,068	0,10	500	2240	16 x 25	ECR1HQL102M◊◊ΔΔ1625
		0,106	0,043	0,086	0,08	630	2670	16 x 31,5	ECR1JQL102M◊◊ΔΔ1631
	1 200	0,111	0,028	0,056	0,10	600	2700	16 x 31,5	ECR1HQL122M◊◊ΔΔ1631
		0,111	0,029	0,058	0,10	600	2610	18 x 25	ECR1HQL122M◊◊ΔΔ1825
	1 500	0,089	0,025	0,050	0,10	750	2800	16 x 35,5	ECR1HQL152M◊◊ΔΔ1635
	1 800	0,074	0,021	0,042	0,10	900	3200	16 x 40	ECR1HQL182M◊◊ΔΔ1640
		0,074	0,025	0,050	0,10	900	3000	18 x 31,5	ECR1HQL182M◊◊ΔΔ1831
	2 200	0,073	0,023	0,046	0,12	1100	3100	18 x 35,5	ECR1HQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1835
	2 700	0,059	0,022	0,044	0,12	1350	3400	18 x 40	ECR1HQL272M◊◊ΔΔ1840
63 (79) 1J	12	8,85	1,90	4,000	0,08	8	145	5 x 11,5	ECR1JQL120M◊◊ΔΔ0511
	22	4,83	1,00	2,000	0,08	14	240	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1JQL220M◊◊ΔΔ0611
	39	2,73	0,610	1,400	0,08	25	330	6,3 x 15	ECR1JQL390M◊◊ΔΔ0615
	68	1,57	0,340	0,750	0,08	43	405	8 x 11,5	ECR1JQL680M◊◊ΔΔ0811
	100	1,07	0,270	0,650	0,08	63	535	8 x 16	ECR1JQL101M◊◊ΔΔ0816
		1,07	0,255	0,510	0,08	63	540	10 x 12,5	ECR1JQL101M◊◊ΔΔ1012
	120	0,885	0,190	0,380	0,08	76	600	10 x 16	ECR1JQL121M◊◊ΔΔ1016
	150	0,708	0,210	0,520	0,08	95	690	8 x 20	ECR1JQL151M◊◊ΔΔ0820
	180	0,590	0,145	0,290	0,08	114	890	10 x 20	ECR1JQL181M◊◊ΔΔ1020
	220	0,483	0,130	0,260	0,08	139	1050	10 x 25	ECR1JQL221M◊◊ΔΔ1025
	330	0,322	0,090	0,180	0,08	208	1300	10 x 30	ECR1JQL331M◊◊ΔΔ1030
		0,322	0,085	0,170	0,08	208	1290	12,5 x 20	ECR1JQL331M◊◊ΔΔ1220
	390	0,273	0,070	0,140	0,08	246	1720	12,5 x 25	ECR1JQL391M◊◊ΔΔ1225
	470	0,226	0,055	0,110	0,08	297	2090	12,5 x 30	ECR1JQL471M◊◊ΔΔ1230
		0,226	0,059	0,120	0,08	297	1770	16 x 20	ECR1JQL471M◊◊ΔΔ1620
	680	0,157	0,047	0,094	0,08	429	2270	12,5 x 35	ECR1JQL681M◊◊ΔΔ1235
		0,157	0,050	0,100	0,08	429	2160	16 x 25	ECR1JQL681M◊◊ΔΔ1625
		0,157	0,055	0,110	0,08	429	2290	18 x 20	ECR1JQL681M◊◊ΔΔ1820
	820	0,130	0,042	0,084	0,08	517	2560	12,5 x 40	ECR1JQL821M◊◊ΔΔ1240
		0,130	0,043	0,086	0,08	517	2670	16 x 31,5	ECR1JQL821M◊◊ΔΔ1631
		0,130	0,043	0,086	0,08	517	2590	18 x 25	ECR1JQL821M◊◊ΔΔ1825
	1 000	0,107	0,043	0,086	0,08	630	2670	16 x 31,5	ECR1JQL102M◊◊ΔΔ1631
		0,107	0,036	0,072	0,08	630	2770	16 x 35,5	ECR1JQL102M◊◊ΔΔ1635
	1 200	0,089	0,030	0,060	0,08	756	2850	16 x 40	ECR1JQL122M◊◊ΔΔ1640
		0,089	0,032	0,064	0,08	756	2950	18 x 31,5	ECR1JQL122M◊◊ΔΔ1831
	1 500	0,071	0,030	0,060	0,08	945	3100	18 x 35,5	ECR1JQL152M◊◊ΔΔ1835
	1 800	0,059	0,025	0,050	0,08	1134	3210	18 x 40	ECR1JQL182M◊◊ΔΔ1840
	2 200	0,048	0,025	0,050	0,08	1386	3210	18 x 40	ECR1JQL222M◊◊ΔΔ1840

IMPEDANCE RATIO

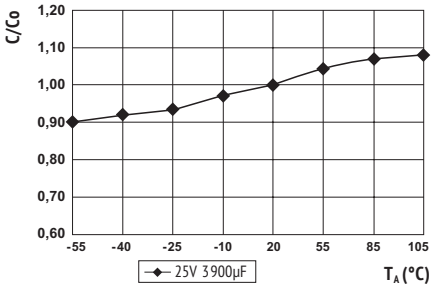


Z = actual impedance of each frequency at 20°C,

Zo = Impedance at 100kHz, 20°C

Impedance Ratio as a function of frequency

CAPACITANCE RATIO



C = actual capacitance of each temperature at 100Hz,

Co = Capacitance at 20°C, 100Hz

Capacitance Ratio as a function of temperature (typical curve)

ORDER CODE FOR RADIAL CAPACITORS

EC	R	2G	QX	221	M	LL	50	1012	-	-	JExxxxx
Techno-logy	Terminal Type	Rated Voltage Code	Series Code	Capacitance Code	Capacitance Tolerance	Terminal Style	Terminal / Pitch	Dimension (mm)	Material Code	Rubber Type	for Specials only

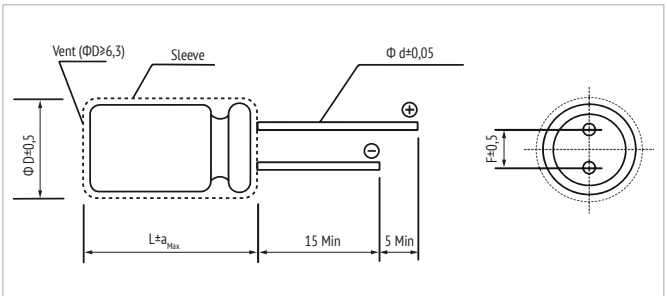
Techno-logy	Terminal Type		Rated Voltage Code		Series Code		Capacitance Code		Capacitance Tolerance		Terminal Style		Terminal / Pitch		Dimension (mm)		Material Code		Rubber Type	
EC Electrolytric Capacitor	Radial	R	6,3V	0J	CD 110	PT	0,1	0R1	**±20%**	M	Taped	FF	2,0mm	20	4x7	0407	Standard	-	Standard	-
			10V	1A	CD 11GL	GL	0,47	R47	±10%	K	Long Lead	LL	2,5mm	25	5x11,5	0511	PVC	V	Flat Rubber	F
			16V	1C	CD 261L	DE	1,0	010	+30 / -10%	Q	Cut 5,0mm	CB	3,5mm	35	10x20	1020	PET	E	Stand-Off	S
			20V	1D	CD 261X	QX	2,2	2R2	+20 / -0%	R	Cut 4,5mm	CC	5,0mm	50	12,5x25	1225				
			25V	1E	CD 263	BK	100	101	±15%	L	Cut 4,0mm	CD	7,5mm	75						
			35V	1V	CD 264	KH	1 000	102	+20 / -10%	V	Cut 3,5mm	CE	10,0mm	10						
			40V	1G	CD 266	FK	10 000	103	■ = preferred		Cut 3,0mm	CF	12,5mm	12						
			50V	1H	CD 26H	XH														
			63V	1J	CD 26HS	XS														
			80V	1K	CD 269L	HL														
			100V	2A	CD 281	LL														
			125V	2B	CD 281L	LH														
			160V	2C	CD 282L	YL														
			180V	2K	CD 282X	EQ														
			200V	2D	CD 284	XY														
			250V	2E	CD 284L	LY														
			350V	2V	CD 285	HY														
			385V	2J	CD 287	GC														
			400V	2G	CD 28L	QL														
			415V	2P																
			420V	2X																
			450V	2W																
			500V	2H																
			550V	2Y																
			575V	2Z																
			600V	2S																
			630V	J2																

On request:
Alternative lead forms
(keyed polarity, 90° bended, others)

Packaging:
Taped: ammopack
Long lead & cut: bulk

DIMENSIONS FOR LOOSE, LONG-LEAD TYPE (BULK)

· ORDER CODE: LL



L	L ≤ 7					L ≥ 11									
Ø D	3	4	5	6,3	8	5	6,3	8	10	12,5	16	18	20	22	25
F	1,0	1,5	2,0	2,5	3,5	2,0	2,5	3,5	5,0		7,5		10,0		12,5
Ø d	0,4	0,45				0,5		0,6			0,8			1,0	
a_{Max}	1,0					2,0							2,5		

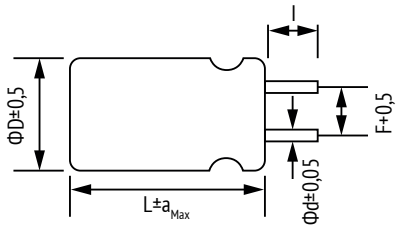
For diameter 20 pitch 7,5 or 10.

in mm

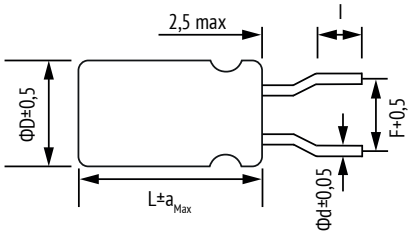
DIMENSIONS FOR LOOSE, SHORT CUT LEADS (BULK)

· ORDER CODE: CC (CB, CD, CE, CF)

STRAIGHT LEAD



BENDED LEAD



Code	CB	CC	CD	CE	CF
I	5,0 ± 0,5	**4,5 ± 0,5**	4,0 ± 0,5	3,5 ± 0,5	3,0 ± 0,5

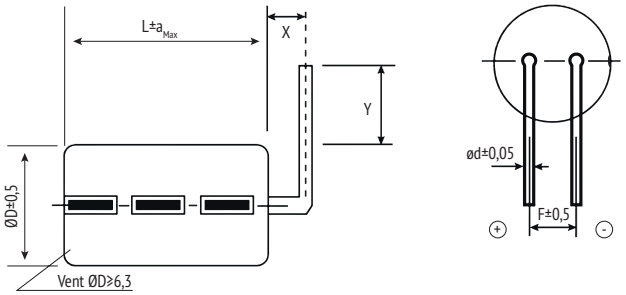
= preferred

in mm

EXAMPLE OF ALTERNATIVE BENDINGS

· ORDER CODE: WS

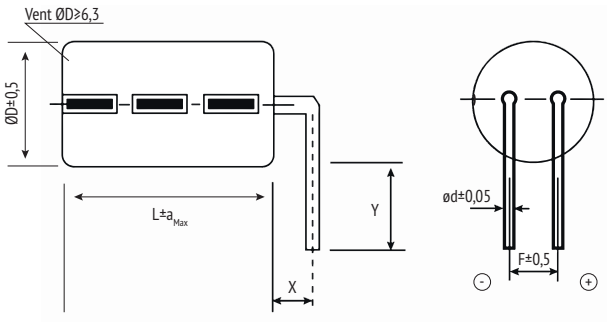
90° LEADS UP
Diameter ≥ 10mm



X: 3,0±0,5
Y: 3,7±0,3

· ORDER CODE: WX

90° LEADS DOWN
Diameter ≥ 10mm



X: 3,0±0,5
Y: 3,7±0,3

DIMENSIONS FOR AMMOPACK TAPING FOR ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

· ORDER CODE: FF (FD)

Fig 1

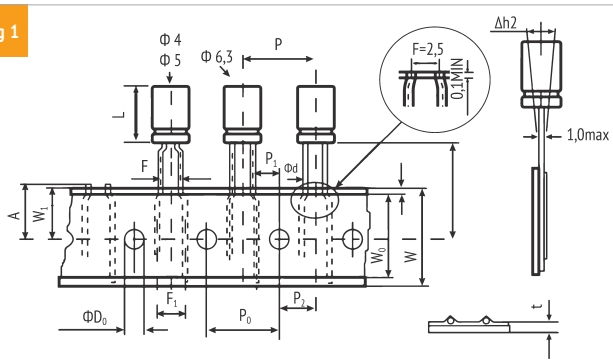


Fig 2

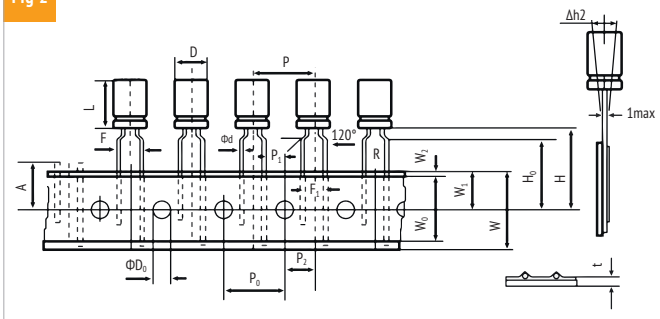


Fig 3a

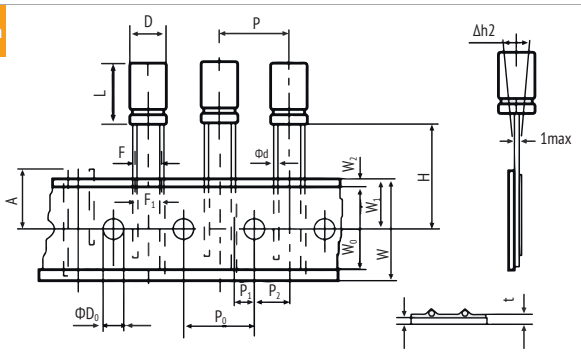


Fig 3b

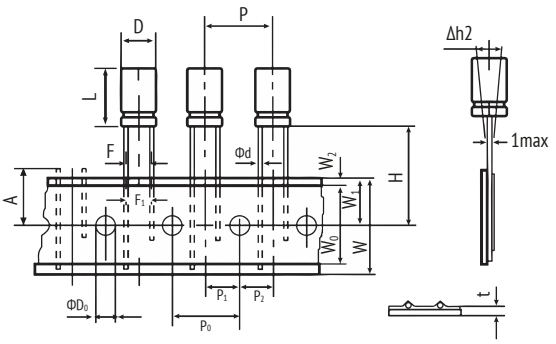
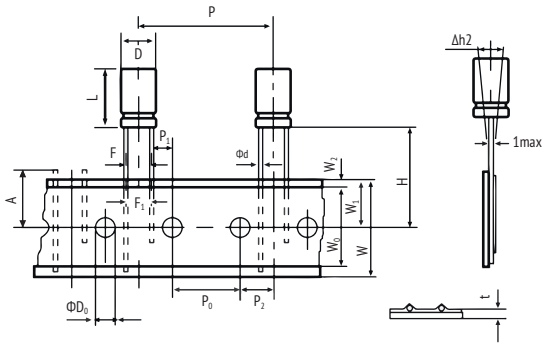


Fig 4



OTHER TAPING STYLES AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

ITEM	D	L	Ød	P	P_0	P_1	P_2	F	F_1	W	W_0	W_1	W_2	H	H_0	A	$ØD_0$	$Δh_2$	t	Fig.	Taping Code
Tol.	± 0,5	± 2,0	± 0,05	± 1,0	± 0,2	± 0,5	± 1,0	+ 0,8 - 0,2	± 1,0	± 0,5	min	± 0,5	max	+ 0,75 - 0,5	± 0,5	max	± 0,5	max	± 0,2		
Nominal	4	7	0,45	12,7	12,7	5,1	6,35	2,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	1	FF
						3,85		5	5					17,5	16,0					2	FF
	5	7	0,45	12,7	12,7	5,1	6,35	2,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	1	FF
						3,85		5	5					17,5	16,0					2	FF
		11,5~15	0,5	12,7	12,7	5,1	6,35	2,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	1	FF
						3,85		5	5						16,0					2	FF
	6,3	7	0,45	12,7	12,7	5,1	6,35	2,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	1	FF
						3,85		5	5					17,5	16,0					2	FF
		11,5~15	0,5	12,7	12,7	5,1	6,35	2,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	1	FF
						3,85		5	5						16,0					2	FF
	8	11,5~20	0,6	12,7	12,7	4,6	6,35	3,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	3a	FF
						3,85		5	5					20,0	16,0					2	FF
	10	12,5~36	0,6	12,7	12,7	3,85	6,35	5	5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	3b	FF
	12,5	15~36	0,6	15	15	5,0	7,5	5	5	18,0	12,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	3b	FF
				25,4	12,7	3,85	6,35													4	FD
	16	15~31,5	0,8	30	15	3,75	7,5	7,5	7,5	18,0	12,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	4	FD
	18	15~25,5	0,8	30	15	3,75	7,5	7,5	7,5	18,0	12,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	4	FD
	Other taping styles available on request																				

in mm

WARNING

JIANGHAI is not liable for any extent of possible injuries or damages to persons or things, of any kind, caused by the improper application of and/or operating conditions harmful to electrolytic capacitors. Misapplications which may cause failures include, but are not limited to: ripple current or peak current or voltage above specification, operating voltage above surge voltage specified, temperature exposure outside the specified operating temperature range. Examples of harmful operating conditions comprise, but are not limited to: unusual storage or transport temperatures, excessive and/or rapid changes of ambient temperature or humidity, heavy mechanical shock or vibration, corrosive and abrasive particles in the ambient (cooling) air, conducting dust in the ambient (cooling) air, oil or water vapor or corrosive substances, explosive gas or dust, operation under extremely high or low ambient pressure conditions (below or above sea level), superimposed radio frequency voltages, radioactivity. In case of doubt about the impact of operating conditions on capacitor performance, please contact JIANGHAI.

PERSONAL SAFETY

Electrical or mechanical misapplication of electrolytic capacitors may be hazardous. Personal injury or property damage may result from explosion of a capacitor or from the expulsion of electrolyte due to mechanical disruption or the release of a safety vent of a capacitor. In case of injury or skin or eye exposure to electrolyte, immediately seek professional medical advice. Before using electrolytic capacitors in any application, please read these Handling Precautions, familiarizing thoroughly with the information contained herein. Please check before using any of our electrolytic capacitors if these components fulfill the requirements of your application and that warnings and instructions for use are followed.

WARRANTY

The information contained in this catalogue does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate, reliable and up to date. Quality data are based on the statistical evaluations of a large quantity of parts and do not constitute a guarantee in a legal sense. However, agreement on these specifications does mean that the customer may claim for replacement of individual defective capacitors within the terms of delivery. We will not assume any liability beyond the replacement of defective components. This applies in particular to any consequential damage caused by component failure. Furthermore it must be taken into consideration that the figures stated for lifetime, failure rates and outlier percentages refer to the average production status and are therefore to be understood as mean values (statistic expectations) for a large number of delivery lots of identical capacitors. These figures are based on application experience and data obtained from preceding tests under normal conditions, or – for purpose of accelerated aging – more severe conditions. JIANGHAI reserves the right to change these specifications without prior notice. Any application information given is advisory and does not form part of any specification. The products are not primarily designed for use in life support applications, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. JIANGHAI customers using or selling these products for use in such applications without prior written consent of JIANGHAI do so at their own risk and agree fully to indemnify JIANGHAI for any damage resulting from such improper use or sale. This version of the catalogue supersedes all previous versions. Latest versions of datasheets can be found on our homepage: www.jianghai-europe.com. For more details on precautions and guidelines for aluminum electrolytic capacitors, please refer to CENELEC Technical Report CLC/TR 50454:2008 E, "Guide for the application of aluminum electrolytic capacitors".

POLARITY

Electrolytic capacitors are polar and shall never be used with incorrect polarity, as there is a possible danger of shorting or destruction.

RATED VOLTAGE U_R

The rated voltage is marked on the capacitor and defined in the datasheets as U_R. This voltage should never be exceeded and is the maximum peak voltage including any ripple voltages allowed to avoid a shortening of the lifetime or damage of the capacitor. When a ripple current is applied to the capacitor, the sum of the peak ripple voltage and bias DC voltage shall never exceed the rated voltage. It might be necessary to lower the maximum allowed bias DC voltage, when certain ripple currents are applied to the capacitor.

SURGE VOLTAGE

Maximum voltage, which may be applied to the capacitor for short periods of time: max. 1000 cycles of 30 sec. per 6 min., max. 5 pulses per hour. Capacitance drift +/- 15% max.

REVERSE VOLTAGE

Reverse voltages or voltages < 0V are not allowed.

RECOVERY VOLTAGE

Electric potential between the positive and negative terminal may exist as a result of dielectric absorption. Please take action that this load does not damage other devices or scare workers during the production process (sparks possible). If needed please discharge the capacitor through a 1kΩ resistor.

TEMPERATURE RANGE

Use electrolytic capacitors only within the specified operating temperature range.

OVER-CURRENT

Currents exceeding the rated ripple currents should be avoided.

RIPPLE CURRENT/VOLTAGE

The combined value of DC voltage and peak AC voltage (due to ripple current) shall not exceed the rated voltage and shall never be < 0V. Use of aluminum electrolytic capacitors under ripple current with wide amplitudes is equivalent to rapid charge-discharge operation. Never exceed a ripple voltage of $70V_{peak\text{-}peak}$ without additional approval of Jianghai.

RAPID CHARGING/DISCHARGING

Rapid charging/discharging generates severe heat and gas may be emitted which may lead to explosion. Consult JIANGHAI about specially designed capacitors suitable for such kind of applications. Example: Servo Drive Application

BALANCING RESISTORS

Balancing resistors should be utilized if capacitors are used in serial connection. Please choose low-tolerance resistors to limit voltage drift.

CHARGE-DISCHARGE PROOF

JIANGHAI capacitors are charge-discharge proof, which means that 10^6 switching cycles will cause capacitance reduction of less than 10%.

LIFETIME

There are many different lifetime definitions known without any true standard definition. Take special care when capacitors are compared that the capacitors fulfill the needed requirements. JIANGHAI publishes all conditions to be as transparent as possible. In the case of lifetime tests with additional ripple currents, the bias DC voltage must be reduced, so that the sum of bias DC voltage and the peak of the ripple voltage does not exceed the Rated Voltage U_R.

Load life: Period of time, during which the technical parameters of all capacitors stay within the given limits. JIANGHAI defines this without allowing for outliers.

Shelf Life: Definition of time with acceptable drift of capacitor parameters after storage at upper category temperature without load.

VIBRATION AND MECHANICAL STRESS

Capacitors are sensitive to vibration and mechanical forces applied on the leads. Do not use capacitors, which have been dropped onto a rigid surface.

INSULATION

If any defect of the sleeve is visible, the component should not be used – the same holds for any kind of visible damage. A capacitor should be electrically isolated from the following parts: aluminum case, cathode lead wire, anode lead wire and circuit pattern, and auxiliary terminal of snap-in type. The sleeve is not recognized as an isolator and therefore the standard capacitor should not be used in a place where insulation function is needed. Please contact JIANGHAI if a higher grade of insulation is required.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Avoid direct contact with water, salt solution, oil, dewing conditions. Halogens generally, especially fumigation treatment with bromides and flame retardant agents containing halogens must be avoided. Avoid exposing to direct sunshine, ozone, ultraviolet rays and x-ray radiation. Air Pressure: Max. 150kPa, min. 8kPa. For usage >2000m altitude above sea level current deratings might be necessary. No heavy air pressure changes are allowed. Do not use or store in an environment containing any hazardous gas (e.g., hydrogen sulphide, sulphurous acid, nitrous acid, chlorine, ammonia, bromine, methyl bromide, other halogens) or acidic or alkaline solutions.

STORAGE

Temperature 5 to 35°C, relative humidity below 75%. Electrolytic capacitors may accumulate charge naturally during storage. In this case discharge through a 1kOhm resistor before use (Recovery voltage). Leakage current may be increased after long storage time. In this case the capacitor should be subjected to the rated voltage treatment through a 1kOhm resistor before use for 1 hour, then it should be discharged through a resistor of about 1 Ohm/Volt. Storage times above 1 year should be avoided or rated voltage treatment may be necessary. In accordance to IEC 60384-4 electrolytic capacitors are subject to a reforming process before acceptance testing. Rated voltage is applied via a series resistance (100Ω: $U_R \leq$ 100VDC, 1kΩ: $U_R >$ 100VDC).

SOLDERING

Soldering conditions (temperature, times) should be within specified conditions, especially for SMT components. Avoid high soldering temperatures as this may reduce lifetime or damage the capacitor. Do never dip the capacitor body into molten solder. Flux should not be adhered to the capacitor's body but only to its terminals. For details and different methods please contact us.

GLUEING, CLEANING AND COATING

Do not use fixing agents or cleaning substances containing halogens. Do not use coating and moulding components that completely seal the capacitor from the environment. Also, never use solvents containing: halogenated hydrocarbons, alkali, petroleum, trichloroethylene/-ethane, xylene, acetones, trichlorotrifluoroethane, tetrachloroethylene, methylenechloride, chloroform, acetates, ketones, esters, chlorides and bromides.

MOUNTING

Other devices, which are mounted near the capacitor, should not touch the capacitor. Additional heat coming from other components near the capacitor may reduce the lifetime of the capacitor. Do never bend or twist the capacitor after soldering to avoid stress on the leads. Capacitors are not protected against mechanical forces on the leads. Forces on the pins might damage the capacitor. No printed circuit board tracks are allowed between the lead pads of the capacitor.

TRANSPORT

Avoid fumigation and spraying insecticides (especially with bromides) in the import or export procedures which can cause corrosion. This applies also to the finished devices.

MAINTENANCE

Periodical inspection should be carried out for the capacitor: visual inspection to check pressure relief open or leakage of electrolyte, electrical characteristics as leakage current, capacitance, and dissipation factor.

ELECTROLYTE AND SEPARATOR PAPER

Electrolyte and separator paper used in aluminum capacitors may be flammable. Also, electrolyte is electrically conductive. Therefore, in case electrolyte gets in contact with PC board it may cause corrosion of circuit pattern or cause short circuit between patterns, and may lead to smoke generation or ignition in worst case.

CAUTION DURING USE OF CAPACITORS

Do not touch the terminals of capacitors. Keep the capacitor free from conductive solution, such as acids, alkali and so on. Ensure that the operating environment of the equipment into which the capacitor has been built is within the specified conditions mentioned in the catalogue or specification sheets.

SAFETY VENT

The safety vent needs some free space to open properly. Allow for free headroom of at least 2mm for diameter ⩽16mm, more than 3mm for diameter 18-35mm, more than 5mm for case diameter 40mm and larger.

EMERGENCY ACTIONS

When the pressure relief vent is open and some gas blows out from the capacitor, please turn the main switch of the equipment off or pull out the plug from the power outlet immediately. During safety vent operation, extremely hot gas (>100°C) may blow out of the capacitors. Do not stand close to the capacitors. In case of eye contact, rinse the open eye(s) with clean water immediately. In case of ingestion, gargle with water immediately, do not swallow. Do not touch electrolyte but wash skin with soap and water in case of skin contact.

DEFINITION OF ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS

Separate documents as application notes, equivalent circuit diagrams and so on are available on request.

PACKAGING

Please refer to the data book for details. Further information is available on request.

DISPOSAL

Scrapped capacitors are classified as scrapped metal. For disposal they are handled as controllable industrial waste because of the nature of the contents (electrolyte). Most of the material is aluminum and cannot be completely burned.

Jianghai Europe Electronic Components GmbH
VERSION 9/2024

To estimate the Lifetime of a non-solid Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor from Jianghai, the following formulas can be utilized. The Lifetime depends mainly on the ambient temperature, the ripple current and, within certain limits, the operating voltage applied. Other parameters may also affect the Lifetime. Moreover, L_0 can be interpreted in many different ways, which has a fundamental influence on the numerical result. Jianghai offers a high transparency by publishing the different typical definitions of Lifetimes in each datasheet. Lifetime estimations are approximations by nature. Please let JIANGHAI EUROPE confirm any result before using it. The formulas given here do not constitute part of a contract nor of a specification. The formulas do not cover additional aging effects of certain electrolytic systems or other chemical effects. Also the dimensions of the components may have an effect. Forced cooling or other additional cooling-methods have a strong impact on the Lifetime and are not covered by the formulas as defined. For the estimation and interpretation of Lifetime, a close collaboration with JIANGHAI EUROPE is strongly advised.

STRUCTUAL FORMULA

$$L = L_0 \cdot K_T \cdot K_R \cdot K_V$$

WHERE:

- L Total Lifetime
- L_0 Lifetime under Nominal Load at Upper Category Temperature (see catalogue)
- K_T Temperature Factor
- K_R Ripple Current Factor
- K_V Voltage Factor

K_T TEMPERATURE FACTOR

Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors follow roughly the 10K rule of Arrhenius. It is possible to estimate the Lifetime by rule of thumb: When the operational temperature is reduced by 10K, the Lifetime will double. The formula for $\mathbf{K_T}$ in detail is:

$$K_T = 2^{\frac{T_0 - T_A}{10K}}$$

WHERE:

- T_0 Rated Temperature
- T_A Ambient Temperature

FREQUENCY CORRECTION FACTORS:

If the actual Ripple Currents are not given at the same frequency like I_0, correction factors need to be applied.

$$I_A = \sqrt{\left(\frac{I_{f1}}{F_{f1}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{I_{f2}}{F_{f2}}\right)^2 + \ldots \left(\frac{I_{fn}}{F_{fn}}\right)^2}$$

K_R RIPPLE CURRENT FACTOR

To estimate the influence of ripple current on lifetime, Jianghai uses a safety factor K_i. Under certain conditions this value can be set to K_i=2, which is prolonging the lifetime. Please contact Jianghai Europe for details and approval.

$$K_R = K_i^{A\frac{\Delta T_0}{10K}}$$

WITH:

$$A = 1 - \left(\frac{I_A}{I_R}\right)^2$$

WHERE:

- I_A Actual Rated Ripple Current
- I_R Ripple Current at Upper Category Temperature (databook value)
- ΔT_0 Core Temperature Rise of the capacitor (typically 3,5 ~ 5K for T_0 = 105°C and 3,5 ~ 10K for T_0= 85°C, see databook value)
- K_i Basis, typically defined as

T_0 = 105°C	$I_A > I_R$:	K_i = 4
	$I_A \leq I_R$:	K_i = 2
T_0 = 85°C		K_i = 2

Remark: Safety Factor K_i may be set as K_i=2 under certain defined conditions. Please contact Jianghai Europe for approval.

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K_V VOLTAGE FACTOR

For Radial and SMT Electrolytic Capacitors, this part of the formula has no impact (K_V = 1). But for some bigger capacitors like Snap-In and Screw-Terminal types with rated voltages above 160V, the operating voltage will affect their Lifetime. It is expressed as follows:

FOR:

$$0{,}6 \leq \frac{U_A}{U_R} \leq 1$$

$$K_V = \left(\frac{U_A}{U_R}\right)^{-2{,}5}$$

WHERE:

U_A Actual Operating Voltage

U_R Rated Voltage

FOR:

$$0 < \frac{U_A}{U_R} < 0{,}6$$

$$K_V = 3{,}59$$

FOR:

$$\frac{U_A}{U_R} > 1 \; not\ allowed$$

$$K_V = 1$$

FOR: Radial and SMT Capacitors or $U_R \leqslant 160V$

$$K_V = 1$$

JIANGHAI ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR LIFETIME ESTIMATION FORMULA (incl. Safety Factors):

$$L = L_0 \cdot 2^{\frac{T_0 - T_A}{10K}} \cdot K_i^{\left[1 - \left(\frac{I_A}{I_R}\right)^2\right] \cdot \frac{\Delta T_0}{10K}} \cdot \underbrace{\left(\frac{U_A}{U_R}\right)^{-n}}_{K_V}$$

WITH TYPICAL VALUES:

T_0 = 105°C	$I_A > I_R$:	K_i=4
	$I_A \leqslant I_R$:	K_i=2
T_0 = 85°C		K_i=2

ΔT_0= depending on the series: 3,5~10K, see databook value

$$0{,}6 \leq \frac{U_A}{U_R} \leq 1 \rightarrow n = 2{,}5$$

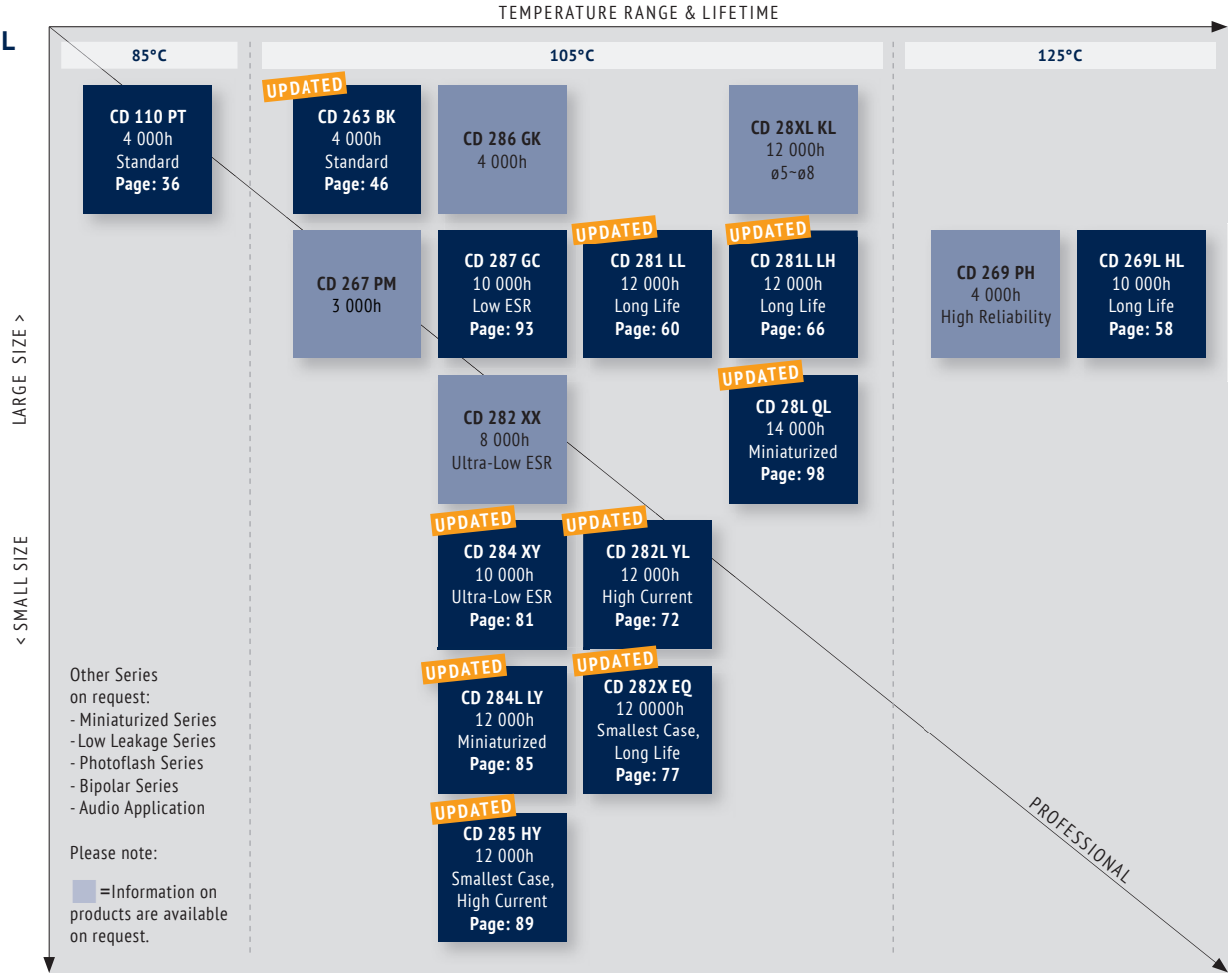
$$0 < \frac{U_A}{U_R} < 0{,}6 \rightarrow K_V = \left(\frac{U_A}{U_R}\right)^{-n} = 3{,}59$$

For $U_R \leqslant 160V$, Radial and SMT

$$\frac{U_A}{U_R} > 1 \rightarrow K_V = 1$$

OUR RADIALS IN RELATION TO ONE ANOTHER

RADIAL 6,3V ~ 100V



RADIAL 160V ~ 550V

